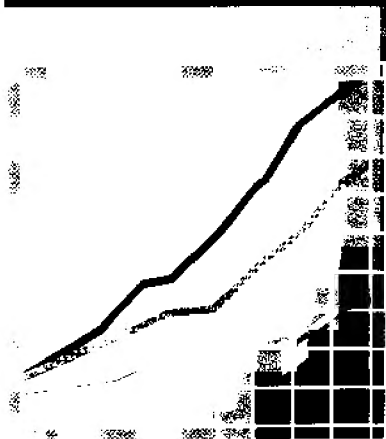


Australian  
Bureau of  
Statistics

# TASMANIAN

## STATISTICAL INDICATORS

December 1994





**T A S M A N I A N**

**S T A T I S T I C A L I N D I C A T O R S**

**D e c e m b e r 1 9 9 4**

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Australian Bureau of Statistics  
Catalogue No 1303.6



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## ENQUIRIES

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For further information, contact the Information Officer on (002) 20 5800 or write to the Deputy Commonwealth Statistician, GPO Box 66A, Hobart, 7001 (1st floor, 175 Collins Street, Hobart).

## Publications issued by the Tasmanian Office during November 1994

<i>Catalogue number</i>	<i>Publication</i>	<i>Date of release</i>
4426.6	Tasmanian Families, 1993–94	3/11/94
8221.6	Manufacturing Industry, Tasmania, 1991–92	15/11/94
8731.6	Building Approvals, Tasmania, September 1994	10/11/94
8741.6	Dwelling Unit Commencements, Tasmania, July 1994	4/11/94
9303.6	Motor Vehicle Registrations, Tasmania, August 1994	11/11/94
1303.6	Statistical Indicators, Tasmania, November 1994	3/11/94

## Symbols and other usages

The following standard symbols are used in publications of the Tasmanian Office of the Bureau:

ASIC	Australian Standard Industrial Classification
M	males
F	females
P	persons
n.a.	not available
n.e.c.	not elsewhere classified
n.e.i.	not elsewhere included
n.p.	not available for separate publication, but included in totals where applicable
n.y.a.	not yet available
p	preliminary — figure or series subject to revision
r	figure or series revised since previous issue
s	subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes
..	not applicable
—	nil or rounded to zero
—	break in continuity of series (where a line is drawn between two consecutive figures in the same column, or alongside two or more figures in consecutive columns)
(M)	Municipality
(C)	City

Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

Values are shown in Australian currency.

# Commentary

## Definitions

*Trend series estimates* are used to "smooth" data to enable longer term trends to become more noticeable. They are the preferred series to use when making a comparison over time, eg. 12 months.

*Original series estimates* (or unadjusted estimates) are the survey data as collected, generalised to the relevant population. These estimates have not been seasonally adjusted or trend adjusted ("smoothed").

## Employment

### *States' trend series comparisons —*

The Australian and State *trend series* comparisons, shown on page 24, indicate that there was an increase of 1.4 per cent in Tasmania's employment over the year to October 1994. The largest percentage increase in employment was in Queensland (5.5 per cent). The next highest increase in employment was in Western Australia (3.8 per cent), followed by NSW (3.5 per cent) and Victoria (3.1 per cent). South Australia had an increase in employment of 2.3 per cent.

### *Regional Tasmania's original series figures —*

In the Hobart and Southern Statistical Division the estimate of *unadjusted* employment increased by 4000 between September 1993 and September 1994 to 98 200. The estimate of employment in the Mersey-Lyell Statistical Division was 43 900 in September 1994, an increase of 1500 on the figure for September 1993. Employment in the Northern Statistical Division decreased by 1500 between September 1993 and September 1994 to 53 800.

(See tables 3-8, pages 2-7.)

## Unemployment

### *Tasmania's trend series figures —*

The Tasmanian provisional *trend series* estimate of 23 100 unemployed persons in October 1994 was a decrease of 4700 on the figure for October 1993 of 27 800. The estimate of the unemployment rate of 10.6 per cent in October 1994 was a decrease compared to the estimate of the unemployment rate of 12.7 per cent in October 1993.

(See tables 3-8, pages 2-7.)

## The labour force

### *Tasmania's trend series figures —*

In October 1994 there was an *unadjusted* estimate of 366 300 civilian Tasmanians aged 15 or more. There were an estimated 217 400 persons (based on *trend series* estimates) in the labour force. The estimate of the labour force participation rate in October 1994 was 59.3 per cent, compared with the figure of 60.2 per cent in October 1993.

For males, the estimate of the participation rate was 71.1 per cent, compared with 71.2 per cent for October 1993. For females, the estimate of the participation rate was 48.0 per cent (compared with 49.5 per cent in October 1993).

(See table 3, page 2.)

## Employed wage and salary earners

In March 1994 there were approximately 142 500 employed wage and salary earners in Tasmania. In March 1992 the figure was 144 700 employed wage and salary earners.

In February 1994 the Tasmanian public sector accounted for 31.7 per cent of all employed wage and salary earners. Overall, the category Community services had the highest industry representation — 30.0 per cent — compared with the equivalent

figure of 24.3 per cent recorded in February 1992. The next highest industry grouping was Wholesale trade and Retail trade (19.7 per cent, compared with 19.0 per cent in February 1992) and Manufacturing (13.0 per cent, compared with 16.8 per cent in February 1992).

In February 1994, women made up 45.6 per cent of employed wage and salary earners. In February 1992, the equivalent figure was 44.0 per cent.

(See table 9, page 8.)

### **Award rates of pay indexes**

The annual movement from September 1993 to September 1994 of weekly award rates of pay indexes for Tasmania rose by 0.8 per cent for full-time adult females and by 0.8 per cent for full-time adult males. For Australia, the figures were 1.3 per cent for females and 1.2 per cent for males, for a combined annual increase of 1.2 per cent.

For full-time adult female employees in Tasmania, the largest industry increases over this 12 month period occurred in Recreation, personal and other services (3.0 per cent); and Manufacturing (2.4 per cent).

For the same period for full-time adult male employees in Tasmania, the largest industry increases occurred in Recreation, personal and other services (2.2 per cent); and Wholesale and retail trade (1.9 per cent).

The largest occupation increases over the same period for full-time adult female employees occurred in Plant and machine operators, and drivers (2.5 per cent); and Tradespersons (1.9 per cent).

For full-time adult male employees the largest occupation increases over the period occurred in Salespersons and personal service workers (1.7 per cent); and Plant and machine operators, and drivers (1.0 per cent).

(See table 14, page 10.)

### **Consumer price index**

The CPI increased in Hobart in the September quarter 1994 by 0.8 per cent, bringing the increase for the twelve months ending September to 2.1 per cent.

This was higher than the annual increase for the weighted average of the eight capital cities (1.9 per cent), but lower than that for Brisbane (2.4 per cent), and Darwin (2.2 per cent) and equal to that of Sydney.

Major contributors to the quarterly increase in Hobart were an increase in the price of fresh fruit, mortgage interest charges, and cigarettes and tobacco. Small decreases were recorded in the prices of child care fees, pharmaceuticals and some food items.

*Consumer Price Index, September Quarter 1994, ABS Catalogue No. 6401.0, released 26 October 1994, \$12.00*

### **Building materials prices**

The price of building materials used in house building increased in Hobart by 3.6 per cent over the twelve months ending September 1994. This increase was above the national average of 2.9 per cent, and (with Melbourne) was the equal highest of the State capitals. The main increase for Hobart was in the price of concrete tiles. Nationally, the prices of timber, concrete tiles and clay bricks all increased.

Prices for building materials used in building other than house building increased in Hobart by only 0.6 per cent in the year ended September 1994, which was the lowest of all the capital cities. The national increase was 2.0 per cent, with Sydney recording the largest increase at 2.3 per cent.

The main factors in the annual rise for Hobart were increases in the price of structural timber (up 11.5 per cent), pre-cast concrete products (10.9 per cent), and non-ferrous pipes and fittings (22.0 per cent). Small drops were recorded for builders' hardware (5.0 per cent) and aluminium windows (2.3 per cent).

*Price Index of Materials Used in House Building*, September 1994, ABS Catalogue No. 6408.0, released 11 November 1994, \$8.50; and *Price Index of Materials Used in Other than House Building*, ABS Catalogue No. 6407.0, released 11 November 1994, \$11.00

### State government outlays and asset sales

Total outlays of the Tasmanian State Government in 1993–94 were \$2296 million. This was \$47 million, or 2.1 per cent, above the total for 1992–93 of \$2249 million, and represents 3.2 per cent of the total outlays made by Australian State and Territory governments combined (\$72 285 million).

In terms of expenditure by purpose, the largest increase was for transport and communications, which rose by \$126 million due mainly to the purchase of the *Spirit of Tasmania* passenger ferry by the TT-Line.

In 1993–94 there were some unusually large asset sales which were carried out primarily as part of the State's debt reduction strategy. The TGIO was sold in November 1993 to TGIO Ltd. for a total of \$53.5 million, \$41.4 million of which was received in 1993–94. Also, the Tasmanian Development Authority (TDA) sold its housing loans portfolio to Advance Bank Australia Ltd. in June 1994 for \$98.1 million. These resulted in the general government sector recording a surplus of \$88 million, following a deficit of \$29 million in 1992–93. A return to a deficit (of \$50 million) is expected for 1994–95.

*Government Financial Estimates, Australia*, ABS Catalogue No. 5501.0, released 3 November, 1994, \$30.00

### Livestock slaughtering

The trend (this indicates the underlying direction of the series) for slaughtering of cattle and calves and sheep is upwards while for pigs the trend has levelled out.

Livestock slaughtering for cattle and calves have commenced an upward trend due to the high number slaughtered in September. For September 1994 the trend series shows that 17 600 cattle and calves were slaughtered. This was down 3.5 per cent on the September 1993 level of 18 200.

A high level of sheep and lambs slaughtered during recent months has pushed the trend series to high levels. The trend level of 116 200 for September 1994 is 37.7 per cent above the 84 400 sheep and lambs slaughtered in September 1993.

The trend for pigs slaughtered shows a peak in December 1993 and January 1994 of 8000, followed by a slight dip to May 1994. The trend level has been even for the last four months. The trend figure of 7900 pigs slaughtered in September 1994 was slightly above the level at September 1993.

(See table 21, page 16)

### Building approvals

There were 313 new dwelling units approved during September 1994 in Tasmania, an eight per cent increase on the number recorded for August 1994, but an eight per cent decrease on the figure recorded for September 1993 (341).

For the twelve months ended September 1994 there were 3996 new dwelling units approved, three per cent below the 4128 units recorded for the previous corresponding twelve months.

The latest monthly trend estimates for the number of dwelling units approved show eleven consecutive months of decline.

The highest number of dwelling units approved in September 1994 was recorded by the City of Clarence with 42, followed by the Municipality of West Tamar with 28, the Municipality of Meander Valley with 25 and the City of Launceston with 23.

The value of new residential building approved, at current prices, in September 1994 was \$24.5 million, compared with the August 1994 figure of \$23.2 million and the September 1993 figure of \$23.8 million.

The value of all buildings approved, at current prices, for September 1994 was \$36.7 million, compared with \$38.6 million in August 1994 and \$46.8 million in September 1993.

*(See table 27, page 19.)*

## **Retail**

The trend estimate for turnover of retail and service establishments for September 1994, in Tasmania, was \$218.5 million, an increase of more than three per cent on the September 1993 figure of \$211.7 million. Growth in the monthly trend estimate has been consistent at about 0.3 per cent for the past six months.

The estimate of turnover for September 1994, for Australia (\$8916.1 million), was over eight per cent higher than for September 1993. The trend estimate of turnover has weakened in September 1994, but remains a relatively strong 0.6 per cent following growth of 0.8 per cent in August and 0.9 per cent in July.

South Australia, Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia have shown strong growth over recent months. Growth has weakened slightly in New South Wales.

In original terms, the estimate of retail turnover in September 1994, for Tasmania, was \$210.2 million, an increase of over one per cent on the figure recorded for August 1994 and nearly three per cent more than the figure recorded for September 1993.

*(See table 35, page 23.)*

## **New motor vehicle registrations**

There were 1247 new motor vehicles (excluding motorcycles) registered in Tasmania during September 1994. This was over six per cent less than for August (1331), but 27 per cent higher than the figure recorded for September 1993. There were 371 vehicles registered by vehicle rental businesses during September 1994.

Registrations for the twelve months ended September 1994 (13 089) were nearly four per cent more than for the twelve months ended September 1993 (12 596).

*(See table 34, page 23.)*

## Population and Vital Statistics

Table 1. Population, Tasmania

<i>Year or quarter</i>	<i>Estimated resident population at end of period</i>	<i>Natural increase (a)</i>	<i>Net estimated migration gain</i>	<i>Total population growth</i>	<i>Annual growth rate (b)</i>
	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	(%)
Year ended 30 June —					
1990	462.2	3.4	3.6	6.9	1.52
1991	466.8	3.3	1.2	4.6	1.01
1992 p	469.7	3.2	-0.3	2.9	0.62
1993 p	471.4	3.2	1.5	1.8	0.37
Quarter					
1992 —					
March p	469.2	0.9	-0.1	0.8	0.72
1993 —					
March p	471.3	0.9	0.3	0.5	0.44
June p	471.4	0.9	-0.7	0.1	0.37
September	471.9	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.39
December	472.1	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.29
1994 —					
March p	472.2	0.9	0.7	0.1	0.20

(a) Excess of live births registered over deaths registered (based on usual State of residence).

(b) Percentage growth from same quarter in previous year.

Table 2. Births, deaths and marriages registered, Tasmania

<i>Year or quarter</i>	<i>Births</i>		<i>Deaths</i>		<i>Infant mortality (a)</i>		<i>Marriages</i>	
	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rate (b)</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rate (b)</i>	<i>Deaths</i>	<i>Rate (c)</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rate (b)</i>
Year ended								
31 December —								
1989	6 813	14.96	3 690	8.10	72	10.6	3 111	6.83
1990	7 043	15.25	3 713	8.04	63	8.9	3 026	6.55
1991	6 857	14.69	3 666	7.86	59	8.6	3 069	6.58
1992	6 956	14.81	3 722	7.92	42	6.0	3 081	6.56
1993 p	6 804	14.43	3 618	7.67	37	5.4	3 055	6.48
Quarter								
1992 —								
June	1 690	..	921	..	9	5.3	641	..
1993 —								
June	1 733	..	884	..	8	5.2	797	..
September	1 710	..	993	..	11	5.8	431	..
December	1 647	..	878	..	4	3.0	786	..
1994 —								
March	1 759	..	917	..	11	6.3	914	..
June p	1 571	..	946	..	10	6.4	829	..

(a) Registered deaths of children under one year of age. (b) Rate per 1000 of estimated mean population. (c) Rate per 1000 live births.

## Employment and Unemployment

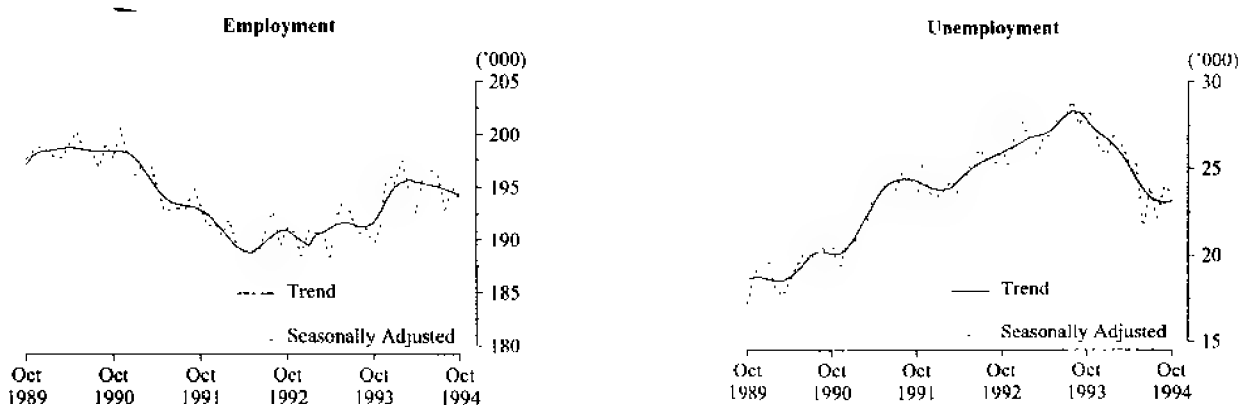
Table 3. Labour force status, Tasmania (a): Seasonally adjusted and trend series

Month	Seasonally adjusted series				Trend series (b)			
	Employed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unem- ployed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unemploy- ment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)	Employed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unem- ployed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unemploy- ment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
<b>MALES</b>								
1993 -								
October	110.1	18.0	14.1	71.5	110.2	17.5	13.7	71.2
November	109.0	17.8	14.1	70.7	110.9	17.4	13.6	71.5
December	113.4	16.6	12.8	72.4	111.6	17.4	13.5	71.9
1994 -								
January	112.3	16.9	13.1	71.9	112.2	17.5	13.5	72.2
February	113.3	17.9	13.6	73.0	112.4	17.4	13.4	72.3
March	112.2	18.0	13.9	72.4	112.5	17.1	13.2	72.1
April	111.2	16.8	13.1	71.2	112.3	16.6	12.8	71.7
May	112.4	16.0	12.5	71.4	112.1	15.9	12.4	71.2
June	112.5	14.1	11.1	70.4	112.2	15.2	12.0	70.8
July	112.6	14.5	11.4	70.7	112.5	14.7	11.6	70.7
August	112.0	14.3	11.3	70.2	112.9	14.4	11.3	70.7
September	112.7	15.1	11.8	71.0	113.3	14.2	11.2	70.9
October	115.3	14.1	10.9	71.9	113.8	14.2	11.1	71.1
<b>FEMALES</b>								
1993 -								
October	79.3	10.5	11.7	48.4	81.5	10.3	11.3	49.5
November	82.2	9.9	10.8	49.6	81.8	10.0	10.9	49.5
December	83.4	9.4	10.1	49.9	82.3	9.6	10.4	49.5
1994 -								
January	83.0	9.0	9.8	49.5	82.8	9.2	10.0	49.5
February	84.2	9.1	9.8	50.2	83.1	8.9	9.7	49.5
March	82.4	8.4	9.2	48.8	83.2	8.7	9.5	49.4
April	81.5	8.7	9.6	48.4	83.2	8.6	9.4	49.4
May	83.8	9.2	9.9	50.0	83.2	8.5	9.3	49.3
June	84.1	7.5	8.2	49.2	83.0	8.5	9.3	49.2
July	83.4	9.4	10.1	49.9	82.6	8.6	9.4	48.9
August	80.6	7.8	8.8	47.5	81.9	8.6	9.5	48.7
September	82.5	8.9	9.7	49.1	81.2	8.8	9.7	48.3
October	78.6	9.4	10.7	47.2	80.5	8.9	9.9	48.0
<b>TOTAL</b>								
1993 -								
October	189.3	28.6	13.1	59.7	191.7	27.8	12.7	60.2
November	191.2	27.8	12.7	60.0	192.7	27.4	12.5	60.3
December	196.8	26.0	11.7	61.0	194.0	27.0	12.2	60.5
1994 -								
January	195.3	25.9	11.7	60.5	195.0	26.7	12.0	60.6
February	197.5	27.0	12.0	61.4	195.5	26.3	11.9	60.7
March	194.6	26.4	11.9	60.4	195.7	25.8	11.7	60.6
April	192.6	25.4	11.7	59.6	195.5	25.2	11.4	60.3
May	196.3	25.2	11.4	60.5	195.3	24.4	11.1	60.0
June	196.6	21.6	9.9	59.6	195.2	23.8	10.9	59.8
July	196.1	23.9	10.9	60.1	195.0	23.3	10.7	59.6
August	192.6	22.1	10.3	58.6	194.8	23.1	10.6	59.5
September	195.1	24.0	10.9	59.8	194.5	23.0	10.6	59.4
October	193.9	23.5	10.8	59.4	194.3	23.1	10.6	59.3

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No 6203.0)

(b) Trend series revised each month. Users should be aware that the latest observations may be revised substantially

### Tasmanian Labour Force



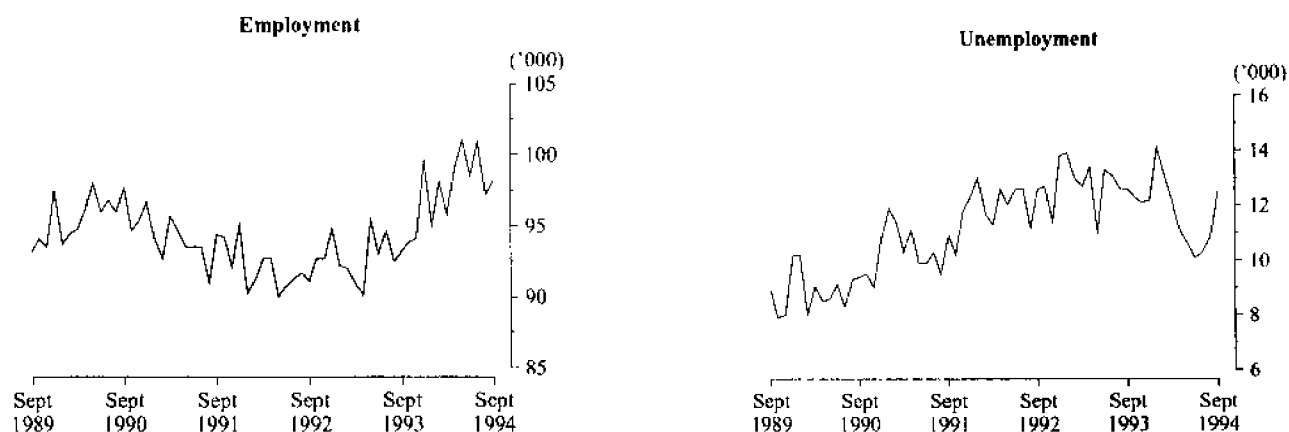
# Employment and Unemployment

Table 4. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, males (a) (b)

Month		Total employed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Total unemployed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unem- ployment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS					
1991 -	September	54.4	6.7	11.0	72.0
1993 -	September	52.1	7.7	12.9	69.3
1994 -	July	55.3	6.0	9.8	70.1
	August	54.2	6.9	11.4	69.5
	September	54.3	7.9	12.6	70.6
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1991 -	September	33.1	3.6	9.7	75.0
1993 -	September	32.8	4.5	12.1	72.2
1994 -	July	31.1	4.6	12.8	71.1
	August	30.2	4.5	13.0	69.1
	September	31.9	4.4	12.2	71.5
MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1991 -	September	26.8	5.6	17.2	76.1
1993 -	September	25.0	4.9	16.5	72.5
1994 -	July	26.8	3.4	11.4	71.5
	August	26.4	3.2	10.9	70.9
	September	26.6	3.3	10.9	72.6
TASMANIA					
1991 -	September	114.3	15.9	12.2	73.8
1993 -	September	109.9	17.1	13.5	70.9
1994 -	July	113.1	14.0	11.0	70.7
	August	110.8	14.7	11.7	69.7
	September	112.8	15.5	12.1	71.3

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data. New monthly data from each quarter (March, June, September and December) is published two months after the quarter.

## Hobart and Southern Statistical Divisions - Persons



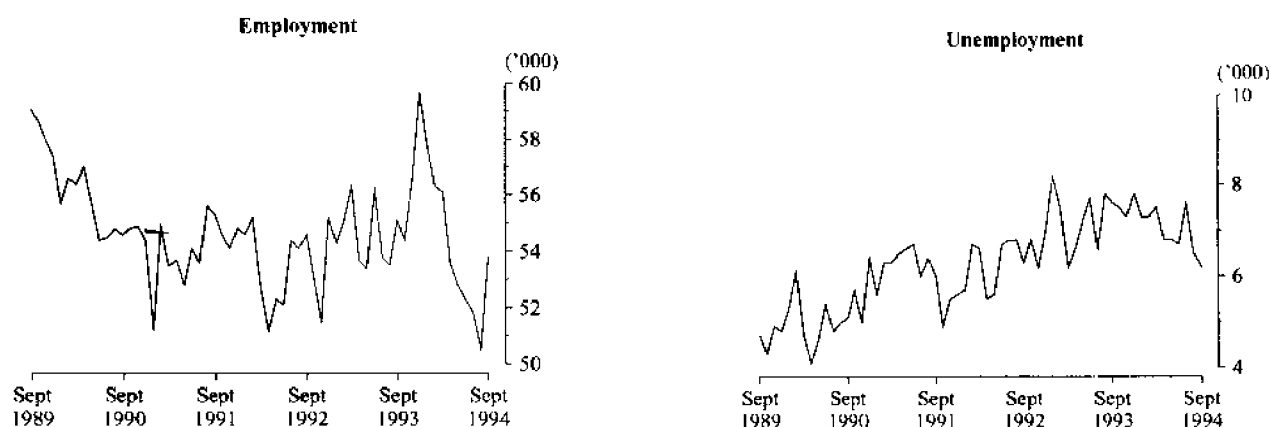
## Employment and Unemployment

Table 5. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, females (a) (b)

<i>Month</i>		<i>Total employed</i>	<i>Total unemployed</i>	<i>Unemployment rate</i>	<i>Participation rate</i>
		('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)
<b>HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS</b>					
1991 -	September	41.1	4.3	9.4	51.5
1993 -	September	42.1	5.0	10.7	51.5
1994 -	July	45.6	4.3	8.7	53.7
	August	43.0	3.8	8.2	50.7
	September	43.9	4.6	9.5	52.0
<b>NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION</b>					
1991 -	September	22.8	2.5	9.9	50.5
1993 -	September	22.5	3.1	12.0	48.4
1994 -	July	20.7	3.0	12.6	45.2
	August	20.3	2.0	8.9	43.1
	September	21.9	1.7	7.3	45.5
<b>MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION</b>					
1991 -	September	19.4	2.5	11.4	48.9
1993 -	September	17.5	2.7	13.3	48.9
1994 -	July	16.5	1.8	10.0	44.8
	August	16.5	1.5	8.3	43.1
	September	17.4	2.5	12.4	48.3
<b>TASMANIA</b>					
1991 -	September	83.3	9.2	10.0	50.6
1993 -	September	82.0	10.8	11.6	50.0
1994 -	July	82.8	9.1	9.9	49.4
	August	79.9	7.3	8.4	46.9
	September	83.2	8.8	9.6	49.4

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data. New monthly data from each quarter (March, June, September and December) is published two months after the quarter.

### Northern Statistical Division - Persons



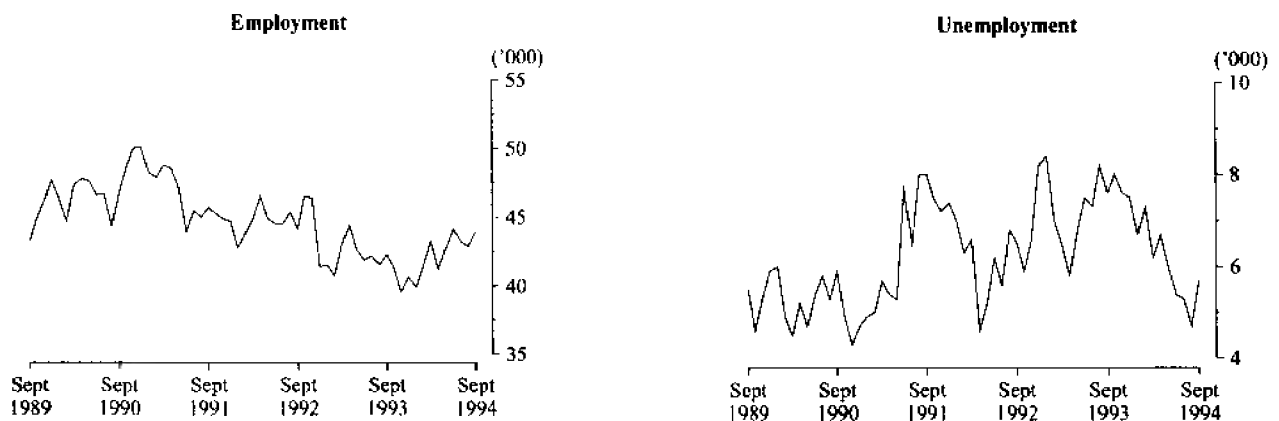
# Employment and Unemployment

Table 6. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, persons (a) (b)

Month		Total employed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Total unemployed ( <sup>'000</sup> )	Unem- ployment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
HOBBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS					
1991 -	September	95.6	11.0	10.3	61.6
1993 -	September	94.2	12.7	11.9	60.1
1994 -	July	100.9	10.3	9.3	61.6
	August	97.2	10.8	10.0	59.9
	September	98.2	12.5	11.3	61.0
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1991 -	September	55.8	6.1	9.8	62.6
1993 -	September	55.3	7.6	12.1	60.2
1994 -	July	51.8	7.6	12.7	57.8
	August	50.5	6.5	11.4	55.9
	September	53.8	6.2	10.3	58.4
MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1991 -	September	46.2	8.1	14.9	62.1
1993 -	September	42.4	7.6	15.2	60.7
1994 -	July	43.3	5.3	10.8	58.4
	August	42.9	4.7	9.9	57.0
	September	43.9	5.7	11.5	60.4
TASMANIA					
1991 -	September	197.6	25.1	11.3	62.0
1993 -	September	191.9	27.9	12.7	60.3
1994 -	July	195.9	23.2	10.6	59.8
	August	190.7	22.0	10.3	58.1
	September	196.0	24.3	11.0	60.2

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data. New monthly data from each quarter (March, June, September and December) is published two months after the quarter.

## Mersey Lyell Statistical Division - Persons

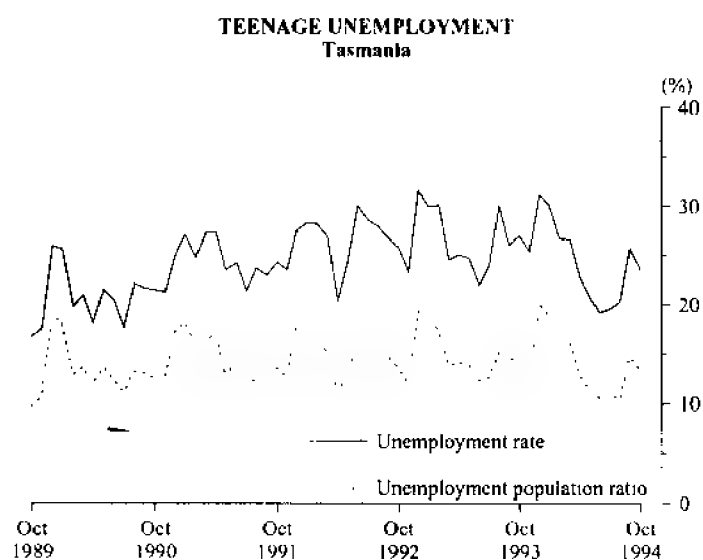


# Employment and Unemployment

Table 7. Teenage labour market (a), Tasmania (b)

Month	Employed		Unemployed		Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15-19	Unemployment rate	Unemployment population ratio	Participation rate	
	Full-time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Total							
('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)	(%)		
ATTENDING NEITHER SCHOOL NOR A TERTIARY INSTITUTION FULL TIME											
1991 - October	8.9	10.6	3.0	3.0	13.6	0.8	14.4	22.3	20.8	94.3	
1993 - October	6.3	8.4	3.2	3.5	11.9	1.3	13.1	29.1	26.7	90.5	
1994 - August	6.9	9.3	2.5	2.7	12.0	1.6	13.7	22.8	19.7	88.0	
	September	6.3	8.7	3.0	3.0	11.7	1.2	12.9	25.8	23.3	90.8
	October	6.1	8.9	2.3	2.3	11.3	1.3	12.6	20.9	18.3	89.3
ATTENDING SCHOOL OR A TERTIARY INSTITUTION FULL TIME											
1991 - October	0.3	4.5	0.7	1.8	6.3	15.4	21.6	28.6	8.3	29.2	
1993 - October	0.1	4.9	0.4	1.5	6.4	15.0	21.4	23.4	7.0	29.9	
1994 - August		4.9	0.2	0.9	5.8	14.7	20.5	15.5	4.4	28.3	
	September	0.1	5.9	0.6	2.0	7.9	13.3	21.2	25.3	9.4	37.3
	October	0.1	5.6	0.7	2.1	7.8	13.8	21.5	26.9	9.8	36.3
TOTAL											
1991 - October	9.3	15.1	3.7	4.8	19.9	16.2	36.1	24.2	13.3	55.1	
1993 - October	6.4	13.3	3.7	5.0	18.3	16.3	34.5	27.1	14.5	52.9	
1994 - August	6.9	14.2	2.7	3.6	17.9	16.3	34.2	20.3	10.5	52.3	
	September	6.4	14.6	3.5	5.0	19.6	14.5	34.1	25.6	14.7	57.4
	October	6.2	14.5	2.9	4.5	19.0	15.1	34.1	23.6	13.2	55.7

(a) Persons aged 15-19 years. (b) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No 6203.0)

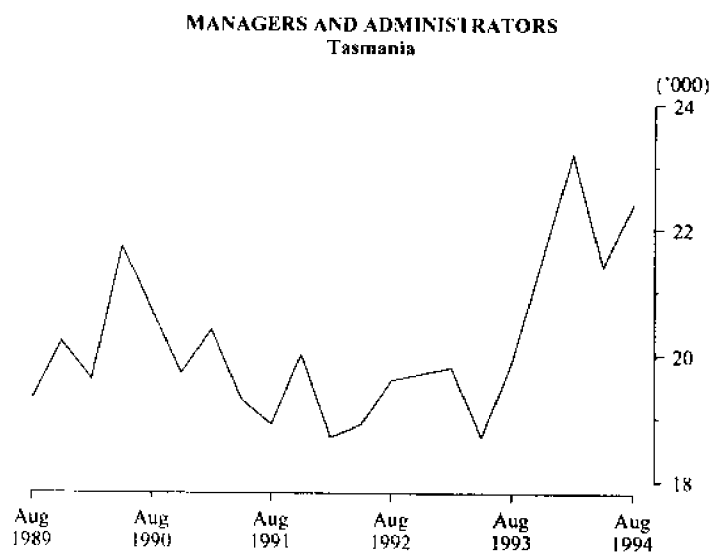


# Employment and Unemployment

Table.8. All employed persons, occupation, Tasmania (a)

Occupation	August 1993	August 1994			Proportion of total employed	
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Aug 1993	Aug 1994
	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)
Managers and administrators	19.9	16.4	6.0	22.4	10.5	11.7
Farmers and farm managers	6.9	4.9	1.9	6.8	3.7	3.6
Managing supervisors	5.7	4.8	3.4	8.2	3.0	4.3
Other	7.3	6.7	0.7	7.4	3.9	3.9
Professionals	21.9	12.8	9.3	22.1	11.6	11.6
Building and professional engineers	1.6	1.6	0.1	1.6	0.8	0.8
Health diagnosis and treatment practitioners	2.5	0.9	0.7	1.6	1.3	0.8
School teachers	6.2	2.9	4.5	7.4	3.3	3.9
Business professionals	3.8	2.7	1.2	3.8	2.0	2.0
Other	7.8	4.7	2.8	7.7	4.1	4.0
Para-professionals	12.6	5.9	6.5	12.5	6.7	6.6
Engineering and building associates and technicians	1.7	1.1	0.2	1.3	0.9	0.7
Registered nurses	4.9	0.2	4.7	4.8	2.6	2.5
Other	6.0	4.6	1.6	6.4	3.2	3.4
Tradespersons	30.4	24.9	3.2	28.1	16.1	14.7
Metal fitting and machining tradespersons	2.5	1.9	-	1.9	1.3	1.0
Electrical and electronics tradespersons	6.1	3.9	0.1	4.0	3.2	2.1
Building tradespersons	7.6	7.1	0.1	7.2	4.0	3.8
Other	14.2	12.0	3.0	15.0	7.5	7.9
Clerks	33.6	8.7	21.3	30.1	17.8	15.8
Stenographers and typists	4.5	0.3	4.2	4.4	2.4	2.3
Receptionists, telephonists and messengers	4.7	0.2	4.3	4.6	2.5	2.4
Other	24.4	8.2	12.8	21.1	12.9	11.1
Salespersons and personal service workers	28.2	10.5	20.4	30.9	14.9	16.2
Sales representatives	2.5	1.9	0.5	2.3	1.3	1.2
Sales assistants	12.2	4.8	9.7	14.5	6.5	7.6
Other	13.5	3.8	10.2	14.1	7.2	7.4
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	15.1	13.8	2.8	16.6	8.0	8.7
Road and rail transport drivers	5.6	5.9	0.4	6.3	3.0	3.3
Machine operators	4.2	3.0	2.3	5.3	2.2	2.8
Other	5.3	4.9	0.1	5.0	2.8	2.6
Labourers and related workers	27.1	17.6	10.4	28.0	14.4	14.7
Trades assistants and factory hands	4.9	3.5	1.1	4.6	2.6	2.4
Agricultural labourers and related workers	6.1	4.4	1.4	5.8	3.2	3.0
Cleaners	5.8	2.3	4.3	6.5	3.1	3.4
Construction and mining labourers	1.8	1.6	-	1.6	1.0	0.8
Other	8.4	5.9	3.5	9.5	4.4	5.0
Total employed	188.8	110.6	79.9	190.7	100.0	100.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0).



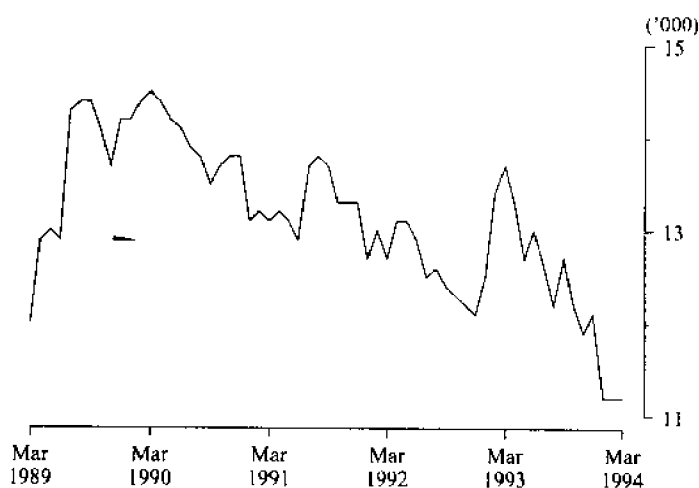
## Employment and Unemployment

Table 9. Employed wage and salary earners, sector and industry, Tasmania (a)

Industry	Number of employees ('000), February 1994					Percentage distribution	
	Private	Public	Private and public			Feb. 1992	Feb. 1994
			Males	Females	Persons		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	n.a.	0.7	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Mining	2.0	—	1.9	0.1	2.0	1.4	1.4
Manufacturing	18.0	0.1	13.5	4.6	18.1	16.8	13.0
Electricity, gas and water, construction	5.3	4.3	8.1	1.4	9.6	7.4	6.9
Wholesale and retail trade	27.4	—	15.6	11.9	27.4	19.0	19.7
Transport and storage	3.8	2.0	4.4	1.5	5.9	4.3	4.2
Communication	—	2.2	1.7	0.5	2.2	1.7	1.6
Finance, property and business services	10.2	0.9	4.8	6.4	11.2	9.1	8.1
Public administration and defence	—	8.5	5.3	3.3	8.5	7.4	6.1
Community services	16.9	24.7	15.6	26.1	41.7	24.3	30.0
Recreation, personal and other services	11.1	0.6	4.3	7.4	11.7	8.1	8.4
Total all industries	94.8	44.1	75.6	63.3	138.9	100.0	100.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6248.0).

EMPLOYED WAGE AND SALARY EARNERS:  
FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES INDUSTRIES  
Tasmania



# Employment and Unemployment

## Table 10. Average hours worked, Tasmania

Month	Average weekly total hours worked, all employed persons (a)			Average weekly overtime hours (b)		Percentage of employees working overtime (b)
	Males	Females	Persons	Per employee	Per employee working overtime	
1991 —						
August	38.4	27.9	34.0	1.0	6.8	14.6
1993 —						
August	38.8	27.8	34.1	0.8	6.3	13.2
November	38.2	26.4	33.1	1.0	6.9	14.3
1994 —						
February	37.6	25.8	32.7	1.0	6.9	14.0
May	39.4	27.2	34.2	0.9	6.4	13.9
August	39.4	26.9	34.1	1.0	6.5	15.6

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Job Vacancies and Overtime, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6354.0).

## Table 11. Job vacancies, Tasmania (a)

Period	Job Vacancies	
	Number	Rate (b) (%)
1991 —		
August	600	0.4
1993		
August	500	0.4
November	600	0.4
1994 —		
February	800	0.6
May	800	0.5
August	1 400	0.9

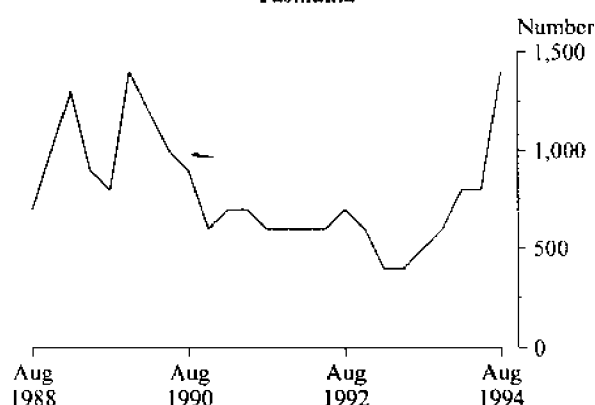
(a) For explanation of terms and concepts refer to *Job Vacancies and Overtime, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6354.0). (b) Job vacancies are expressed as a percentage of the number of job vacancies divided by the number of employees plus job vacancies

## Table 12. Industrial disputes, Tasmania (a)

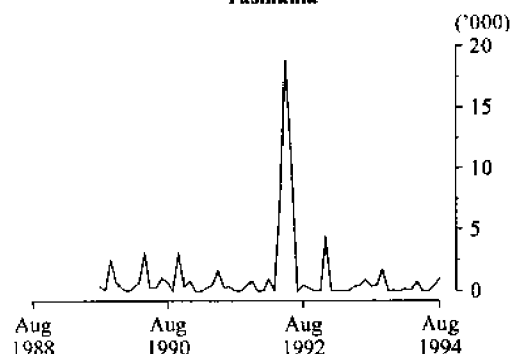
Month	Working days lost per thousand employees		
	Working days lost	Twelve months ending	Working days lost per thousand employees
1993 —		1993 —	
October	1 700	October	57
November	0	November	56
December	100	December	29
1994 —		1994 —	
January	0	January	31
February	200	February	30
March	100	March	30
April	700	April	35
May	0	May	33
June	0	June	30
July	400	July	27
August	1 000	August	31
Twelve months ended 1994 —			
August	4 600		

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Industrial Disputes, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6321.0).

### JOB VACANCIES Tasmania



### WORKING DAYS LOST DUE TO INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES Tasmania



## Wages and Prices

Table 13. Average weekly earnings of employees, Tasmania (a) (\$)

Quarter	Survey reference period	Males			Females			Persons		
		Full-time adults		All males	Full-time adults		All females	Full-time adults		All employees
		Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings		Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings		Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings	
1991 - June	17 May	563.60	593.50	535.80	477.90	484.50	357.10	536.30	558.80	457.50
1993 - June	21 May	602.70	640.10	576.10	503.70	512.60	379.10	570.60	598.80	486.20
1993 - December	19 November	624.40	659.30	599.50	518.90	525.30	391.60	588.30	613.50	501.70
1994 - March	18 February	627.60	671.60	615.20	523.50	534.70	386.70	592.90	626.00	506.70
June	20 May	621.80	662.40	602.40	526.40	537.20	387.50	589.00	619.30	499.30

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Average Weekly Earnings, States and Australia* (Catalogue No. 6302.2).

Table 14. Weekly award rates of pay indexes, full-time adult employees Tasmania (a)

(Base: June 1985 = 100.0)

Industry	1991	1993	1994		
	Sep	Sep	Jul	Aug	Sep
Mining	135.1	137.7	137.7	137.7	137.7
Manufacturing	140.5	145.0	147.0	147.0	147.0
Electricity, gas and water	130.9	131.9	132.0	132.0	132.0
Construction	140.2	141.3	142.6	142.6	142.6
Wholesale trade	136.0	137.6	139.9	139.9	139.9
Retail trade	133.6	136.6	139.6	139.6	139.7
Transport and storage	137.4	137.9	139.0	139.0	139.0
Communication	135.4	135.4	135.4	135.4	135.4
Finance, property and business services	135.3	137.4	137.8	137.8	137.8
Public admin. and defence	133.0	147.7	148.3	148.3	148.3
Community services	136.7	140.3	140.9	140.9	140.9
Recreation, personal and other services	140.7	146.4	150.2	150.2	150.2
Total all industries	136.4	140.5	141.6	141.7	141.7

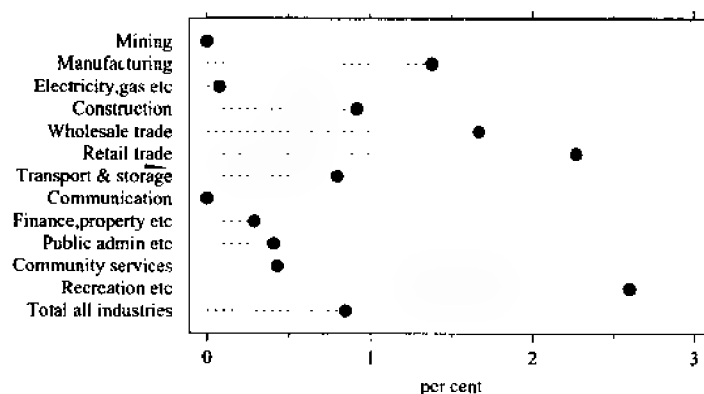
(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Award Rates of Pay Indexes, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6312.0).AWARD RATES OF PAY INDEX: TASMANIA  
Annual Change to September 1994

Table 15. Summary of annual movements in wages and prices, Tasmania

Period	CPI, All groups Hobart	Price index of materials used in house building, All groups, Hobart	Price index of materials used in building other than house building, All groups, Hobart	Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees	Weekly award rates of pay index, full-time adult employees
Percentage change from previous year					
1991 —					
September	3.6	3.7	3.8	..	3.2
1993 —					
September	3.2	2.0	2.4	..	0.4
1994 —					
January	..	2.7	1.8	..	1.5
February	..	2.4	1.7	4.4	1.7
March	2.6	3.1	0.5	..	1.7
April	..	3.0	1.1	..	1.7
May	..	3.3	0.9	3.4	1.7
June	2.7	p 3.7	p 1.1	..	1.7
July	..	p 2.8	p 0.7	..	1.8
August	..	p 3.3	p 0.7	n.a.	0.8
September	2.1	p 3.6	p 0.6	..	0.8

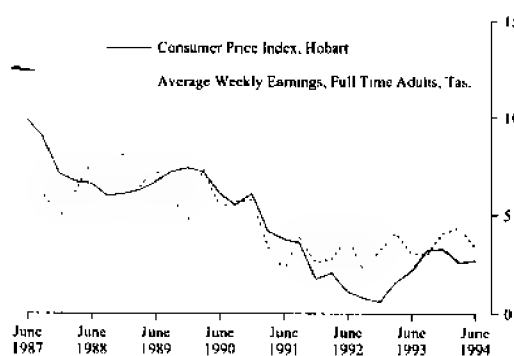
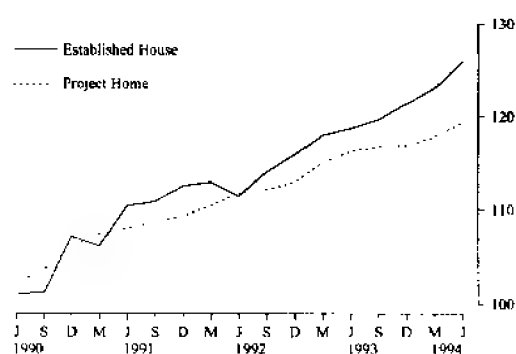
Table 16. House price index numbers (a), Hobart

(Base of each Index: 1989-90 = 100.0)

	Established house price index		Project home price index	
	Index	% change (b)	Index	% change (b)
1991-92	112.0	5.4	110.1	3.5
1992-93	116.6	4.1	114.1	3.6
1993-94	122.5	5.1	117.7	3.2
1991 —				
June	110.4	4.0	108.1	0.6
1993 —				
March	117.9	1.7	115.0	1.9
June	118.7	0.7	116.3	1.1
September	119.7	0.8	116.8	0.4
December	121.4	1.4	116.9	0.1
1994 —				
March	123.0	1.3	117.8	0.8
June	126.0	2.4	119.4	1.4

(a) Used in calculating the mortgage interest charges component of the Consumer Price Index

(b) Percentage change over previous period.

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGES  
IN EARNINGS AND PRICESHOUSE PRICE INDEX NUMBERS  
HOBART

# Wages and Prices

Table 17. Consumer price index: Hobart & eight capital cities combined (a)

(Base of each index: year 1989-90 = 100.0) (b)

Year or quarter	Hobart					
	Food	Clothing	Housing (c)	Household equipment and operation	Transportation	Tobacco and alcohol
1991-92	106.1	105.7	98.8	109.1	106.9	111.5
1992-93	108.2	106.9	94.9	110.3	110.3	115.8
1993-94	111.7	106.6	94.0	111.9	112.2	133.7
Quarter						
1991 —						
September	104.8	105.8	100.9	108.3	107.1	110.0
1993 —						
September	110.2	106.9	94.9	111.3	111.6	132.1
December	111.7	106.8	93.4	111.8	112.3	133.4
1994 —						
March	112.6	106.4	93.3	112.2	111.9	134.3
June	112.2	106.4	94.2	112.4	112.8	134.8
September	113.9	106.6	94.8	112.8	113.9	137.2
Percentage change between September quarter 1993 and September quarter 1994						
	+ 3.4	0.3	- 0.1	+ 1.3	+ 2.1	+ 3.9

Table 17. Consumer price index: Hobart & eight capital cities combined (a) (b)—*continued* (Base of each index: year 1989-90 = 100.0)

Year or quarter	Hobart				Weighted average of eight capital cities (c)	
	Health and personal care	Recreation and education	All groups		Index	Percentage change over previous period
			Index	Percentage change over previous period		
1991-92	122.7	106.1	107.1	+ 2.1	107.3	+ 1.9
1992-93	127.3	108.0	108.5	+ 1.3	108.4	+ 1.0
1993-94	136.1	110.2	111.7	+ 2.9	110.4	+ 1.8
Quarter						
1991 —						
September	120.7	104.3	106.7	+ 0.9	106.6	+ 0.6
1993 —						
September	134.5	108.7	111.0	+ 1.5	109.8	+ 0.5
December	134.5	111.0	111.6	+ 0.5	110.0	+ 0.2
1994 —						
March	137.5	109.7	111.9	+ 0.3	110.4	+ 0.4
June	137.9	111.3	112.4	+ 0.4	111.2	+ 0.7
September	138.7	111.7	113.3	+ 0.8	111.9	+ 0.6
Percentage change between September quarter 1993 and September quarter 1994						
	+ 3.1	+ 2.8	+ 2.1	..	+ 1.9	..

(a) Further information on construction of CPI indexes is contained in the bulletin *The Australian Consumer Price Index Concepts, Sources and Methods* (Catalogue No. 6461.0). (b) The CPI is now published on a reference base of 1989-90 = 100.0. (c) Series from and including March 1989 has been affected by the change in treatment of mortgage interest charges.

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Year or month	Index numbers for selected major building materials					
	Structural timber	Clay bricks	Ready mixed concrete	Precast concrete products	Steel decking, cladding etc.	Structural steel
1991-92	105.5	108.0	109.8	109.6	102.9	109.5
1992-93	108.2	111.9	113.4	109.9	104.2	111.7
1993-94 p	115.9	114.2	117.5	112.9	106.4	116.0
1991 —						
September	105.0	106.5	110.0	109.6	105.8	109.2
1993 —						
September	110.7	112.8	117.6	110.4	106.0	116.0
1994 —						
January	114.9	115.5	116.5	110.3	106.0	116.0
February	114.9	115.5	116.7	110.3	106.0	116.0
March	119.2	115.5	119.0	110.3	106.0	116.0
April	120.3	115.5	118.7	120.6	107.6	116.0
May	120.3	115.5	119.4	120.6	107.7	116.0
June p	122.6	115.6	117.9	120.6	107.7	116.0
July p	123.4	115.6	119.6	120.6	107.7	116.0
August p	123.6	115.6	118.1	120.6	107.7	116.0
September p	123.4	115.6	117.7	122.4	107.7	116.0
Percentage change between September 1993 and September 1994						
	+ 11.5	+2.5	+ 0.1	+ 10.9	+ 1.6	+ 0.0

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart—continued (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Year or month	Index numbers for selected major building materials						
	Reinforcing steel bar, fabric and mesh	Aluminium windows	Fabricated steel products (b)	Builders' hardware	Sand & aggregate	Paint & other coatings	Non-ferrous pipes & fittings
1991-92	108.0	98.7	105.2	111.9	123.6	112.3	111.9
1992-93	109.0	97.9	102.1	113.0	125.0	114.7	132.6
1993-94	109.1	100.5	106.6	115.7	129.6	114.1	133.1
1991 —							
September	103.5	98.6	105.1	110.8	123.6	112.4	109.8
1993 —							
September	109.4	101.9	106.8	114.5	129.3	112.6	127.5
1994 —							
January	109.2	101.9	105.9	116.1	129.3	114.0	131.0
February	109.2	103.2	106.1	115.6	129.3	114.0	129.8
March	108.0	98.6	106.1	117.0	129.3	114.0	129.8
April	107.9	96.9	106.1	117.5	129.7	114.1	132.9
May p	107.9	96.9	106.1	116.6	129.7	114.8	132.9
June p	107.9	97.6	106.1	116.9	132.7	114.8	162.9
July p	107.9	97.6	106.1	113.0	132.7	114.8	151.6
August p	107.3	99.6	106.1	111.1	132.7	116.5	155.4
September p	107.2	99.6	106.1	108.8	132.7	116.9	155.5
Percentage change between September 1993 and September 1994							
	-2.0	-2.3	-0.7	-5.0	+2.6	+3.8	+22.0

(a) The Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building is now published on a reference base of 1989-90 = 100.0.

(b) Previously 'Steel windows, doors, louvres and other fabricated steelwork'.

# Wages and Prices

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart—*continued* (Base year: 1989–90 = 100.0) (a)

<i>Index numbers for special combination of building materials</i>						
<i>Period</i>	<i>All electrical materials</i>		<i>All mechanical services</i>		<i>All plumbing materials</i>	
	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>
1991–92	105.6	+ 2.3	107.5	+ 2.7	108.8	+ 3.3
1992–93	103.3	2.2	108.1	+ 0.6	111.4	+ 2.4
1993–94	104.7	+ 1.4	109.6	+ 1.4	110.1	– 1.2
1991 —						
September	107.5	—	107.4	– 0.2	108.9	+ 0.2
1993 —						
September	105.1	– 0.2	109.6	+ 1.5	110.0	
1994 —						
January	104.6	+ 1.0	110.0	—	109.3	+ 0.6
February	103.4	– 1.1	109.4	0.5	107.8	– 1.4
March	103.2	– 0.2	109.6	+ 0.2	107.8	–
April	105.0	+ 1.7	109.8	+ 0.2	109.5	+ 1.6
May p	105.1	+ 0.1	109.7	– 0.1	110.3	+ 0.7
June p	105.9	+ 0.8	111.0	+ 1.2	120.2	+ 9.0
July p	106.5	+ 0.6	110.8	– 0.2	116.2	– 3.3
August p	106.9	+ 0.4	111.0	+ 0.2	118.1	+ 1.6
September p	107.1	+ 0.2	111.1	+ 0.1	118.1	—
Percentage change between September 1993 and September 1994						
	+ 1.9	..	+ 1.4	..	+ 7.4	..

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart—*continued* (Base year: 1989–90 = 100.0) (a)

<i>Index numbers for special combinations of building materials</i>				
<i>Period</i>	<i>All groups excluding electrical materials and mechanical services</i>		<i>All groups</i>	
	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>
1991–92	107.2	+ 3.3	107.1	+ 3.1
1992–93	109.1	+ 1.8	108.2	+ 1.1
1993–94	111.0	+ 1.8	110.1	+ 1.8
1991 —				
September	106.4	+ 0.6	106.1	+ 0.1
1993 —				
September	111.3	+ 0.1	110.3	+ 0.2
1994 —				
January	111.3	+ 0.1	110.3	+ 0.1
February	111.3	—	110.1	– 0.2
March	109.7	– 1.4	108.9	– 1.1
April	110.7	+ 0.9	109.8	+ 0.8
May	110.9	+ 0.2	110.0	+ 0.2
June p	111.3	+ 0.4	110.5	+ 0.5
July p	111.6	+ 0.3	110.8	+ 0.3
August p	111.6	—	110.9	+ 0.1
September p	111.7	+ 0.1	111.0	+ 0.1
Percentage change between September 1993 and September 1994				
	+ 0.4	..	+ 0.6	..

(a) The Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building is now published on a reference base of 1989–90 = 100.0.

Table 19. Miscellaneous indicators of production, Tasmania

Year or month	Dairy products (a)			Staff-hours worked (b)	
	Whole milk (e)	Factory butter (f)	Factory cheese	Textile manufacturing (g)	Vegetable preserving
	(million litres)	(tonnes)	(tonnes)	('000)	('000)
1991-92	371.9	5 589	20 022	1 549	2 068
1992-93	412.9	6 287	20 043	1 740	1 915
1993-94	447.3	7 846	22 461	1 575	2 002
1991 —					
August	14.5	228	596	143	159
1993 —					
August	17.4	379	692	152	183
1994					
June	11.7	227	551	145	164
July	10.2	335	551	148	153
August	19.7	363	454	149	149

Table 19. Miscellaneous indicators of production, Tasmania  
— continued

Year or month	Ready- mixed concrete (c)	News- print	Refined zinc	Metal refin. index (d)	Chemical and fertilisers			
					Sulphuric acid	Super phosphate	Elect- ricity	Gas
	('000 m <sup>3</sup> )	('000 tonnes)	('000 tonnes)		('000 tonnes)	('000 tonnes)	(million kW.h)	('000 (MJ)
1991-92	245.6	202.8	206.0	110.0	359.1	75.9	8 967	63 377
1992-93	254.4	228.4	212.0	109.4	355.5	74.6	8 864	61 432
1993-94	262.5	208.9	193.8	105.5	362.0	74.4	8 855	55 767
1991 — August	18.3	13.6	18.3	116.1	31.0	(h) ..	847	7 629
1993 — August	21.4	21.6	17.0	112.3	32.4	(h) 0.2	821	5 746
1994 — June	23.4	16.8	17.3	97.8	26.6	5.3	761	5 871
July	20.4	18.2	17.7	103.4	30.3	3.5	810	6 476
August	23.6	16.9	15.8	98.7	27.7	(h) 0.2	797	6 447

(a) Source: Australian Dairy Corporation. (b) Changing productivity per staff-hour makes these indicators unsatisfactory for long-term comparisons. (c) For sale as such; excludes production for use within the same enterprise and production from enterprises employing less than four persons. (d) Metallurgical refining index (Base: 1979-80 = 100.0) Output from selected establishments covering the smelting and refining of ferro-alloys, zinc and aluminium. The weighting pattern is based on the establishments' value added as derived from the 1979-80 Manufacturing Census. For multi-product establishments, value added was apportioned to products on the basis of gross receipts from each product. (e) Includes the whole milk equivalent of farm cream intake. (f) Includes butter equivalent of butter oil. (g) Includes spinning, weaving and carpetmaking. Reported by establishments which manufacture textiles only, or manufacture clothing and textiles in the one plant. (h) Production low due to annual close-down.

# Production

Table 20. Livestock slaughtering, Tasmania: numbers ('000)

Year or month	Cattle			Sheep	Lambs	Pigs
	Bulls, bullocks and steers	Cows and heifers	Calves			
1991-92	104.7	93.6	32.3	446.7	489.8	84.8
1992-93	99.0	90.4	32.7	473.4	456.5	92.5
1993-94	101.8	85.2	23.2	526.1	437.8	95.8
1991 — September	5.1	2.8	11.0	15.6	26.6	6.1
1993 — September	6.0	5.1	10.8	30.9	27.7	8.1
October	7.7	6.4	2.7	31.1	30.0	6.4
November	7.7	7.3	0.3	39.7	32.0	7.9
December	9.8	8.4	0.1	46.0	39.6	11.2
1994 — January	8.7	6.1	0.1	50.1	34.1	6.6
February	7.6	6.9	0.1	60.4	38.1	6.6
March	11.4	8.1	0.1	68.6	49.0	8.2
April	9.5	8.3	0.2	41.3	37.6	7.5
May	9.5	9.1	0.2	49.6	38.7	7.8
June	8.8	7.5	0.4	55.3	52.6	9.9
July p	6.4	5.3	1.4	31.7	39.3	7.6
August p	5.9	4.3	8.4	20.9	36.9	7.2
September p	6.3	5.7	11.6	39.4	37.2	7.9

Table 21. Livestock slaughtering, Tasmania: Seasonally adjusted and trend series

Month	Seasonally adjusted			Trend series (a)		
	Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs	Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs
1991 — September	17 476	73 933	6 596	18 386	78 885	6 923
1993 — September	19 298	99 372	8 355	18 219	84 413	7 725
October	18 541	84 927	6 443	18 424	82 784	7 810
November	16 861	73 652	8 017	18 404	80 419	7 939
December	21 006	77 950	8 711	18 127	77 139	8 004
1994 — January	16 899	69 764	8 653	17 759	74 492	8 024
February	15 688	76 627	7 679	17 331	73 905	7 990
March	17 716	85 883	7 512	16 806	75 753	7 908
April	16 493	65 114	7 361	16 381	80 337	7 836
May	16 510	77 913	7 944	16 174	86 616	7 819
June	17 095	115 865	8 709	16 285	94 143	7 874
July	13 316	91 693	7 653	16 595	102 067	7 913
August	17 070	106 612	7 502	17 071	109 576	7 929
September	20 514	126 054	8 045	17 575	116 240	7 925

(a) Trend estimates may be revised as data for later months become available.

Table 22. Meat production, Tasmania

(tonnes)

Year or month	Meat (carcass weight)					Total
	Beef	Veal	Mutton	Lamb	Pigmeat (a)	
1991-92	45 266	665	8 355	8 070	5 168	67 524
1992-93	44 925	692	8 949	7 456	5 749	67 770
1993-94	47 458	515	9 992	7 047	6 019	71 031
1991 —						
September	1 633	225	276	432	372	2 938
1993 —						
September	2 621	235	570	441	493	4 359
October	3 520	60	577	479	384	5 020
November	3 780	6	759	506	480	5 531
December	4 555	2	874	635	686	6 752
1994 —						
January	3 966	1	959	550	414	5 891
February	3 784	1	1 208	586	411	5 990
March	5 117	3	1 317	804	514	7 754
April	4 537	5	784	616	477	6 419
May	4 970	8	929	634	470	7 011
June	3 962	10	1 030	864	728	6 594
July p	2 789	39	628	715	334	4 505
August p	2 449	207	415	686	514	4 272
September p	2 824	424	773	386	549	4 955

(a) Includes pork used for production of bacon and ham.

Table 23. Principal mineral concentrates produced, Tasmania

(Source: Tasmanian Development and Resources)

('000 tonnes)

Year or quarter	Concentrate							
	Copper	Iron (pellets)	Iron pyrite	Lead	Lead-copper	Lead-zinc	Tin	Zinc
1991-92	97.4	1 451.6	80.2	86.2	5.5	84.9	10.7	335.0
1992-93	107.6	1 458.9	94.5	90.7	1.2	69.5	12.1	454.3
1993-94	128.1	1 565.9	87.9	93.4	0.0	57.5	13.4	316.5
1991 —								
June	21.1	226.2	13.3	19.5	1.8	14.6	1.8	76.5
1993 —								
March	26.4	305.0	23.4	22.5	0.0	17.9	2.3	128.0
June	29.7	381.6	26.4	22.4	0.0	22.0	3.4	83.0
September	28.9	440.9	24.0	29.4	0.0	21.8	3.4	80.9
December	31.1	384.8	20.7	24.8	0.0	13.4	3.7	77.8
1994 —								
March	31.1	307.5	20.3	16.1	0.0	8.2	3.0	71.3
June	37.0	432.7	22.9	23.2	0.0	14.0	3.3	86.5

## Production

Table 24. Sawmills and plywood mills: Logs delivered and timber produced, Tasmania ('000 m<sup>3</sup>)

Year or quarter		Tasmanian-grown logs delivered					Sawn, peeled and sliced timber produced (a)				
		Hardwoods		Softwoods		Total	Hardwoods		Softwoods		Total
		Eucalypts	Other hardwoods	Plant- ation	Natives		Eucalypts	Other hardwoods	Plant- ation	Natives	
			(b)					(c)			
1991-92		470.4	8.6	325.0	1.6	805.6	162.8	3.7	130.1	0.4	297.1
1992-93		554.5	13.0	312.8	2.8	883.2	188.9	2.9	131.6	0.7	324.1
1993-94		572.2	15.3	299.2	1.5	888.1	200.2	3.1	141.1	0.5	344.8
1992 —	June	132.0	1.9	83.5	0.2	217.7	44.2	0.6	33.0	0.1	78.0
	September	129.2	2.9	90.6	1.9	224.7	48.7	0.7	38.2	0.3	88.0
	December	133.1	2.1	81.0	0.2	216.5	46.9	0.7	33.7	0.2	81.5
1993 —	March	125.9	3.9	72.9	0.3	203.0	41.4	0.7	30.6	0.1	72.7
	June	166.3	4.1	68.3	0.3	239.0	52.0	0.8	29.0	0.1	81.9
	September	158.9	2.0	75.6	0.4	236.9	53.5	0.7	33.8	0.1	88.1
	December	129.8	3.8	70.3	0.3	204.2	49.5	0.7	35.1	0.1	85.5
1994 —	March	137.2	5.0	77.3	0.4	219.8	45.7	0.6	38.1	0.1	84.5
	June	146.3	4.5	76.0	0.4	227.2	51.3	1.1	34.1	0.2	86.7

(a) Includes plywood, veneer and sliced timber production converted to an equivalent cubic measurement. (b) Includes blackwood, myrtle, sassafras etc. (c) Radiata pine. (d) Includes Huon pine, celery top pine and King William pine.

Table 25. Chipping and grinding of wood (a), Tasmania

Year or quarter	Materials used ('000 m <sup>3</sup> ) (c)				Chipped and ground wood production ('000 tonnes green weight)
	Producing locations (no.) (b)	Logs delivered (d)	Sawmill offcuts		
1991-92	33	3 173.1	283.8		3 356.0
1992-93	31	3 350.6	295.8		3 565.8
1993-94	30	3 448.8	339.8		3 726.1
1992 —					
June	33	647.7	74.5		682.7
September	32	886.9	82.6		957.9
December	32	756.0	75.1		820.6
1993 —					
March	31	805.0	62.2		826.7
June	30	902.7	76.0		960.6
September	31	970.4	88.3		1 027.9
December	31	818.5	96.9		885.8
1994 —					
March	31	818.3	71.3		868.3
June	30	841.6	83.3		944.0

(a) Both hardwoods and softwoods, separate details are not available. (b) Capable of producing at end of year or actually producing during quarter. (c) Data reported by weight, converted to cubic measure by the factor 0.95 m<sup>3</sup> per tonne. (d) Includes log equivalent of limbwood and billets.

Table 26. Logs delivered for milling or chipping, Tasmania ('000 m<sup>3</sup>)

Year or quarter	Sawmilling and plywood milling			Chipping and grinding (a)			Total		
	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total
1991-92	608.5	197.1	805.6	1 757.2	1 415.9	3 173.1	2 365.7	1 613.0	3 978.7
1992-93	698.9	184.3	883.2	1 753.4	1 597.2	3 350.6	2 452.3	1 781.5	4 233.7
1993-94	691.6	196.6	888.1	1 697.0	1 751.8	3 448.8	2 388.8	1 948.4	4 336.9
1992 —									
June	167.1	50.6	217.7	379.9	267.8	647.7	547.0	318.4	865.4
September	183.2	41.4	224.7	434.9	452.0	886.9	618.2	493.4	1 111.6
December	173.2	43.3	216.5	408.0	348.0	756.0	581.2	391.2	972.5
1993 —									
March	150.6	52.4	203.0	437.1	367.9	805.0	587.8	420.3	1 008.0
June	191.8	47.2	239.0	473.3	429.4	902.7	665.1	476.6	1 141.7
September	180.3	56.5	236.9	488.1	482.2	970.4	668.5	538.7	1 207.2
December	160.6	43.6	204.2	417.5	401.0	818.5	578.1	444.6	1 022.8
1994 —									
March	169.7	50.1	219.8	393.7	424.6	818.3	563.4	474.7	1 038.1
June	180.9	46.4	227.2	397.7	443.9	841.6	578.6	490.3	1 068.8

(a) Logs used are generally below sawmilling standard, includes log equivalent of limbwood and billets. (b) Comprises all areas (including concession areas) from which

Table 27. Building approvals, Tasmania

Year or month	New residential building				Value of alter- ations and additions (a) to residential building	Value of non-residential building (b)		Total value of building
	No. of houses	No. of other residential buildings (c)	Total no of dwelling units	Value of total dwelling units				
						Private	Total	
				(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
1991-92	2 869	1 034	3 903	260 296	32 637	68 980	105 941	398 873
1992-93	2 956	1 138	4 094	275 262	33 050	62 416	103 107	411 419
1993-94	3 113	1 034	4 147	301 963	39 522	81 251	145 922	487 407
1991— September	225	86	311	20 582	2 428	5 459	6 662	29 672
1993 — September	278	63	341	23 811	3 086	10 146	19 927	46 824
1994 — June	241	65	306	23 327	3 098	7 519	11 612	38 037
July	212	97	309	20 883	3 213	6 161	7 121	31 217
August	257	34	291	23 162	3 454	11 251	12 028	38 643
September	256	57	313	24 504	4 451	6 195	7 763	36 719

(a) Valued at \$10 000 and over. (b) Comprises non-residential building (new plus alterations and additions) valued at \$30 000 and over from July 1988 and valued at \$50 000 and over from July 1990. Previous figures are for values of \$10 000 and over. (c) New individual dwelling units (e.g. flats, home units and villa units).

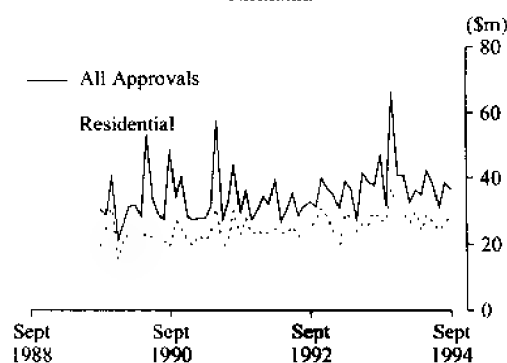
VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVALS  
Tasmania

Table 28. Dwelling commencements, Tasmania

Year or month	New residential building						No. of other residential buildings (a)	Total no. of dwell- ing units
	No. of houses							
	Double brick	Brick veneer	Fibre cement	Timber	Other and not stated	Total houses		
1991-92	238	1 866	67	500	78	2 749	1 024	3 773
1992-93	277	1 933	103	447	65	2 825	1 129	3 954
1993-94	306	2 120	103	441	79	3 049	973	4 022
1991 — August	25	122	6	24	4	181	69	250
1993 — August	32	174	6	23	5	240	97	337
1994 — May	28	174	10	24	6	242	73	315
June	22	192	14	31	9	268	77	345
July	15	168	9	25	9	226	87	313
August	14	156	5	26	5	206	27	233

(a) New individual dwelling units (e.g. flats, home units and villa units).

Table 29. Banking statistics, Tasmania (a) (b) (\$m)

Month	Deposits				Statement savings accounts
	Current bearing interest	Current – not bearing interest	Fixed	Investment savings accounts	
1993					
December	533	308	1 223	603	200
1994 —					
January	526	301	1 213	605	198
February	516	292	1 231	605	196
March	520	309	1 204	600	193
April	512	319	1 194	604	195
May	509	301	1 208	605	196
June	514	303	1 232	609	197
July	519	310	1 256	614	199
August	516	304	1 346	616	199
September	517	305	1 379	619	202

Table 29. Banking statistics, Tasmania (a) (b) — continued (\$m)

Month	Deposits — continued			Loans (c)
	Passbook/School savings accounts	Other	Total	
1993 —				
December	266	162	3 294	3 596
1994 —				
January	263	159	3 265	3 585
February	261	160	3 261	3 629
March	256	162	3 244	3 646
April	256	161	3 242	3 673
May	253	158	3 230	3 718
June	251	157	3 263	3 841
July	249	150	3 297	3 872
August	244	152	3 375	3 886
September	237	150	3 408	3 883

(a) Due to changes to the *Banking Act 1959* in December 1989, which removed the distinction between trading and savings banks, figures previously published in this table are no longer comparable with those shown above. (b) Details are the averages of weekly figures for each month. The figures are derived from returns submitted by banks authorised under the *Banking Act* together with similar returns voluntarily submitted by the State banks; they exclude the Reserve Bank. (c) Excludes non-resident loans.

Table 30. Private new capital expenditure by type of asset, Tasmania (a) (\$m)

Year or quarter	New buildings and structures	Equipment, plant, and machinery	Total
1989–90	88	487	575
1990–91	180	416	596
1991–92	79	359	438
1992–93	103	340	443
1993–94	61	252	313
1993 —			
March	35	58	93
June	35	88	123
September	17	76	94
December	14	71	85
1994 —			
March	12	42	54
June	18	63	80

(a) Estimates based on a sample survey and therefore subject to sampling variability. Covers selected industries only — mining, manufacturing, finance, property and other selected industries.

Table 31. Passenger arrivals and departures, Tasmania (a)

(Source: Department of Tourism, Sport &amp; Recreation)

Period	Arrivals				Cruise ships		
	By air		By sea	Total	Total departures (b)	Cruise ships	
	Interstate	Inter-national				Arrivals	Departures
1990	555 631	8 629	120 004	684 264	679 833	3 255	3 255
1991	625 366	5 897	131 375	762 638	764 731	6 720	6 663
1992	652 092	4 428	114 969	771 489	761 109	4 608	4 608
1993	694 244	5 144	115 381	814 769	814 835	2 033	2 033
1993 ---							
June	51 154	258	6 067	57 479	54 776	—	—
1994 --							
April	62 519	502	11 732	74 753	78 095	—	—
May	50 076	242	8 151	58 469	70 924	—	—
June	52 737	167	7 629	60 533	56 244	—	—

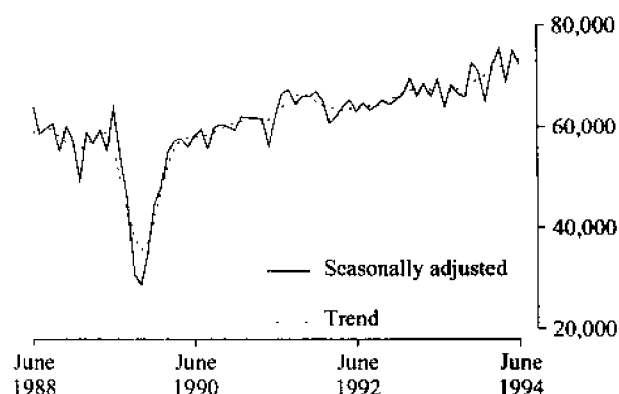
(a) The following persons are not included in these statistics: passengers under three years of age accompanied by an adult, passengers travelling on chartered flights with minor carriers, passengers travelling on private or VIP flights, and passengers from or departing for overseas other than direct flights to New Zealand. (b) The proportion of departing passengers who were visitors was shown to be about 58 per cent in the 1981 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, 55 per cent in the 1984 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, about 53 per cent in the 1986 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, almost 65 per cent in the 1990 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, and just over 58 per cent in the 1993 Tasmanian Visitor Survey.

Table 32. Total passenger arrivals by air and sea into Tasmania

Period	Original	Seasonally adjusted (a)	Trend
1993 —			
June	57 479	69 510	66 870
1994 —			
April	74 753	68 991	72 317
May	58 469	75 071	72 774
June	60 533	72 090	73 314

(a) There is an annual recalculation of seasonal adjustment factors to include the most recent year's arrivals. This occurs at the end of each financial year and may cause revisions to previously published seasonally adjusted and trend figures. A full time series of seasonally adjusted and trend series from January 1971 is available on request telephone (002) 20 5870.

TOTAL ARRIVALS IN TASMANIA



Source: Dept of Tourism, Sport &amp; Recreation

Table 33. Accommodation statistics, Tasmania

*Hotels, motels, etc. with facilities*

Period	Number of establishments	Guest rooms	Room nights		Room occupancy rate	Takings from accommodation
			Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimates		
					(%)	(\$'000)
June quarter —						
1992	175	5 161	n.a.		43.4	14 296
1993	190	5 258			45.1	15 172
1994	177	5 322			51.2	17 799
1992 —						
April	n.a.	n.a.	74 019	73 233	52.0	5 734
May	n.a.	n.a.	75 080	73 490	42.6	4 837
June	175	5 161	73 150	73 820	35.5	3 725
1993 —						
April	n.a.	n.a.	77 560	80 298	53.1	5 981
May	n.a.	n.a.	81 426	79 416	44.9	5 094
June	190	5 258	77 305	78 817	37.4	4 097
1994 —						
April	n.a.	n.a.	92 122	88 821	61.1	6 948
May	n.a.	n.a.	93 587	89 448	52.8	6 451
June	177	5 322	84 327	89 627	39.5	4 399

*Holiday units*

Period	Number of establishments	Number of units	Unit nights		Unit occupancy rate	Takings from accommodation
			Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimates		
					(%)	(\$'000)
June quarter —						
1992	45	731	n.a.		43.0	1 895
1993	45	735			46.1	1 992
1994	52	793			49.8	2 455
1992 —						
April	n.a.	n.a.	10 324	10 468	51.2	788
May	n.a.	n.a.	10 587	10 644	38.9	570
June	45	731	10 847	10 895	39.1	537
1993 —						
April	n.a.	n.a.	10 939	11 720	54.0	824
May	n.a.	n.a.	12 112	11 635	44.1	628
June	45	735	11 240	11 702	40.2	540
1994 —						
April	n.a.	n.a.	13 601	13 300	62.3	1 046
May	n.a.	n.a.	14 213	13 310	47.8	786
June	52	793	11 879	13 207	39.3	623

*Caravan parks*

Period	Number of establishments	Number of sites and cabins (a)	Site occupancy rate (b)	Takings from accommodation
			(%)	(\$'000)
June quarter —				
1992	67	6 251	15.8	1 325
1993	67	6 345	28.5	1 311
1994	70	6 708	28.1	1 435
1992 —				
April	n.a.	n.a.	21.0	632
May	n.a.	n.a.	14.0	381
June	67	6 251	12.6	312
1993 —				
April	n.a.	n.a.	33.2	572
May	n.a.	n.a.	26.6	392
June	67	6 345	25.7	347
1994 —				
April	n.a.	n.a.	32.9	648
May	n.a.	n.a.	26.3	428
June	70	6 708	25.2	359
of quarter.	in series to	1992.		

Table 34. Registrations of new motor vehicles (a), Tasmania

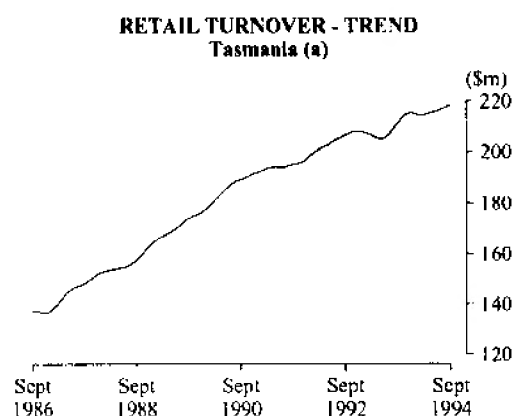
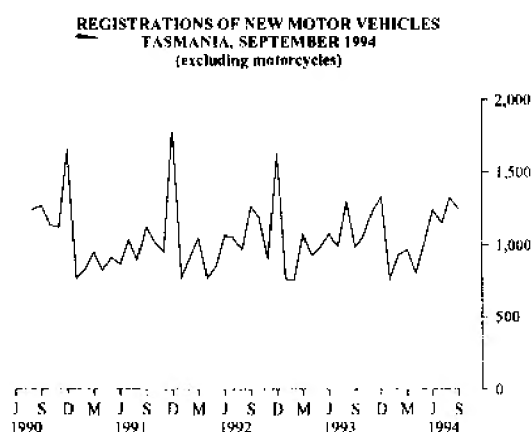
<i>Year or month</i>	<i>Passenger vehicles</i>	<i>Other vehicles (b)</i>	<i>Motor cycles</i>	<i>Total</i>
1991	9 572	2 395	394	12 361
1992	9 881	2 555	371	12 807
1993	10 019	2 478	440	12 937
1992 — September	1 056	211	26	1 293
1993 — October	883	182	29	1 094
November	1 027	206	43	1 276
December	1 128	205	86	1 419
1994 — January	623	143	25	791
February	734	195	38	967
March	729	238	32	999
April	591	215	30	836
May	743	274	28	1 045
June	860	383	25	1 268
July	944	208	29	1 181
August	1 089	242	33	1 364
September	1 048	199	30	1 277

(a) Includes State and Commonwealth Government-owned motor vehicles other than those belonging to the defence services. Excludes tractors, plant and equipment, caravans and trailers. (b) Comprises utilities, panel vans, rigid and articulated trucks and other truck-type vehicles (i.e. motor vehicles designed for purposes other than freight carrying, e.g. campervans, tow trucks, ambulances and hearses) and buses.

Table 35. Turnover of retail establishments at current prices, Tasmania

<i>Period</i>	<i>Original (\$m)</i>	<i>Trend estimates (a)</i>	
		<i>(\$m)</i>	<i>% change from corresponding month of previous year</i>
1992 September	194.9	206.6	2.5
1993 — September	204.8	211.7	2.5
October	212.3	213.8	3.1
November	222.3	215.2	3.4
December	287.2	215.7	3.6
1994 January	206.3	215.3	3.6
February	197.6	214.8	3.5
March	217.7	214.8	3.9
April	203.5	215.4	4.7
May	212.9	216.0	5.3
June	204.0	216.5	5.3
July	210.5	r 217.2	r 4.8
August	207.9	r 217.9	r 4.0
September	210.2	p 218.5	p 3.2

(a) Trend estimates revised each month.



## Major Statistical Indicators

Table 36. Major statistical indicators — Australia and State comparisons

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic.</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>Tas.</i>	<i>Aust. (a)</i>
<b>Population</b>							
Estimated resident population, March 1994 ('000)	6 041.3	4 473.6	3 178.1	1 468.6	1 695.7	472.2	17 803.3
Proportion of Australian population, March 1994 (%)	33.9	25.1	17.9	8.2	9.5	2.7	100.0
Population growth rate, 12 months to March 1994 (%)	0.8	0.2	2.6	0.5	1.4	0.2	1.0
<b>Labour Force</b>							
Employment growth, 12 months to October 1994 (trend series) (%)							
Males	3.9	2.6	4.6	1.4	2.2	3.3	3.1
Females	3.1	3.7	6.6	3.5	6.0	- 1.2	4.0
Persons	3.5	3.1	5.5	2.3	3.8	1.4	3.5
Unemployment rate (trend series), October 1994 (%)	9.0	10.2	9.1	10.4	7.9	10.6	9.3
Unemployment growth, 12 months to October 1994 (trend series) (%)	- 14.9	17.3	- 13.3	- 2.7	- 12.1	- 16.9	- 13.9
Participation rate (trend series), October 1994 (%)	61.9	63.0	64.1	62.2	65.9	59.3	63.1
Average weekly overtime worked per employee, August 1994 (hours)	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.0	1.3
Job vacancy rate, August 1994 (%)	1.3	0.7	1.3	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.1
Working days lost through industrial disputes, 12 months to August 1994 (days per '000 employees)	92	78	128	31	43	31	83
<b>Wages and Prices</b>							
Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees (original series) May 1994 (\$)							
Males	730.0	698.5	671.9	664.3	717.0	662.4	705.9
Females	582.4	569.0	529.3	567.1	539.1	537.2	566.7
Persons	676.4	651.9	623.3	632.9	651.5	619.3	656.1
Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees, growth rate, 12 months to May 1994 (%)	4.5	3.5	3.9	2.6	2.3	3.4	3.7
Consumer price index, all groups, annual growth to September quarter 1994 (%)	2.1	1.5	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9
<b>Building</b>							
Percentage change in the number of new residential dwelling units approved in twelve months ended September 1994, over the same period previous year	8.7	7.4	10.9	- 7.2	16.5	- 3.2	8.2
<b>Finance and Retail Trade</b>							
Percentage change in private new capital expenditure, twelve months ended June 1994, over the same period previous year	- 3.3	17.4	1.9	- 10.0	9.0	- 29.3	3.9
Percentage change in trend estimates turnover of retail establishments, September 1994 (change from corresponding month of the previous year)	8.9	8.4	8.2	6.6	7.2	3.2	8.2
<b>Transport</b>							
Percentage change in number of new motor vehicles (excluding motorcycles) registered twelve months ended September 1994, over the same period previous year	11.0	9.0	8.5	2.0	6.5	3.9	7.1
<b>Agriculture</b>							
Percentage change in the number of livestock slaughtered twelve months ended September 1994 over the same period previous year							
Cattle and calves	- 3.6	4.3	- 3.9	9.2	- 6.8	- 4.9	2.3
Sheep and lambs	9.1	0.1	- 23.4	11.8	16.3	7.4	0.9
<b>Tourism</b>							
Room occupancy rates for hotels, motels etc. with facilities, June quarter 1994 (%)	53.5	48.1	60.2	47.4	54.7	51.2	54.1
<b>Australian National and State Accounts</b>							
Percentage change in GSP (GDP) Trend Series							
March qtr 1994 to June qtr 1994	1.7	1.3	1.7	1.3	3.1	2.2	1.5
June qtr 1993 to June qtr 1994	6.1	3.9	6.5	5.1	8.9	5.1	5.5

(a) Australian totals include the ACT and NT.



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ISSN 1034-1803